

	COUNTY OFFICERS
Sheriff.....	Wm. McCullough
Clerk.....	O. J. Bell
Register.....	
Treasurer.....	Wm. Woodward
Prosecuting Attorney.....	J. O. Hadley
Judge of Probate.....	W. Patterson
C. C. Con.....	J. O. Hadley
Surveyor.....	A. E. Newell
Coroners.....	W. M. Woodward and F. E. Clegg
SUPERVISORS.	
Green Township.....	Thomas Welch
South Branch.....	J. H. Richardson
Benton Creek.....	T. E. Hastings
Maple Forest.....	V. Hankinson
Grayling.....	A. J. Newman
Frederickville.....	T. G. High
Ball.....	Charles Jackson
Center Plains.....	A. C. Wilson
Bethel.....	Peter Aebel

Crawford Avalanche

O PALMER,

JUSTICE AND RIGHT.

Publisher and Proprietor.

VOLUME VIII.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1887.

NUMBER 49.

IMPORTANT APPOINTMENTS.

Names of the Interstate Commerce Commission Given to the Public.

Judge Cooley, of Michigan, Heads the List, with Morrison for Second Place.

Schoonmaker, New York; Walker, Vermont; and Bragg, Alabama, Complete the Board.

(Washington special) The President has appointed the following Interstate Commissioners:

Thomas M. Cooley of Michigan, for the term of six years.

William R. Morrison of Illinois, for the term of five years.

Augustus Schoonmaker of New York, for the term of three years.

Aldace F. Walker of Vermont, for the term of three years.

Walter L. Bragg of Alabama, for the term of two years.

Sketches of the Men.

Thomas M. Cooley was born in Attica, N. Y., in 1824, and removed to Michigan in 1843, where he has since resided. In 1857 he was elected a member of the State legislature, and in 1858 was chosen reporter of the Supreme Court. In 1859 he was appointed commissioner to organize the law department of the University of Michigan, and he has ever since been connected with it. He served three terms in the Supreme Court, but was defeated in 1855. He is the author of numerous standard legal works and holds high rank as a jurist. He was appointed last December by Judge Gresham as receiver of the Wabash Railroad.

William R. Morrison, of Waterloo, Ill., was born in Monroe County, Illinois, Sept. 1, 1828. He was educated at the common schools and at McKenzie College, Illinois. He studied law and was admitted to the bar. He was made Clerk of the Circuit Court, and for four terms was a member of, and for one term Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives. He was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh, Forty-eighth, and Forty-ninth Congresses as a Democrat. In the convention of the Union States Society he was a member of the Illinois delegation. In the Illinois Legislature in 1855 he was one of the favorites of the Democratic members, and all through that memorable contest, which resulted in Logan being returned, Morrison held the sympathies of his followers. In the last Congressional campaign he was defeated by the Hon. John Baker.

Aldace F. Walker is about 44 years old, and is a Republican politician. He studied law with Senator Edmunds. He served in the Colonial in the Union army, and the war he participated in Scotland. In the Veterans' Society he has taken an active part in framing legislation to solve the military problem, and has given much study to the question.

Walter L. Bragg was born in Alabama in 1838. He is a graduate of Harvard University and Cambridge, England. He practiced law in Alabama for some years, and at the close of the war he settled in Alabama, and was for some years the law partner of General Morgan. He has been a leading Democrat in that State for some years, and has served as national delegate, Presidential elector, and member of the Democratic National Committee. In 1861 he was made President of the Alabama State Railroad Commission, and served in that position four years, during which time many important questions arising between the railroad and its customers were satisfactorily adjusted.

Augustus Schoonmaker, of Kingston, N. Y., was born in Rochester, in that State, in March, 1828. He studied law and has practiced it ever since. From 1851 to 1870 he was a member of school boards and a County Judge. In 1875 he was elected to the State Senate as a Democrat. In 1877 he was nominated by the Democratic convention for Attorney-General, and was elected by a plurality of over 11,000. In 1879 he was again nominated for Attorney-General, but was defeated. In 1871 he was the Democratic nominee for Judge of the Court of Appeals, but was defeated. In 1880 he was presented by the anti-Tammany delegation from New York in the Democratic State Convention as their candidate for Governor, and was a delegate to the Democratic National Conventions in 1876 and 1880, and also to the Chicago convention in 1884.

THE KANSAS BUTCHERY.

Willie Sell Confesses to the Murder of His Father, Mother, Sister and Brother.

(Springfield Ill. special) A cold-blooded attempt to assassinate Representative George S. Boutwell, the United States member from East St. Louis, took place Tuesday evening. About 5 o'clock Mr. Bailey approached the door of his boarding-house, Mr. S. S. Elder's, on Capitol avenue, near the Altton track. The house has an ample yard, and nothing intervenes between it and the railroad embankment a few rods to the west, the railroad here crossing the avenue by a bridge. Mr. Bailey says he was facing his door when the discharge of a pistol sounded from the vacant lot, and he staggered into his house and to his anxious wife, waiting in their front room, on the ground floor. Mr. Bailey was seen shortly after, but could furnish little information regarding the would-be murderer or his motives. Mr. Bailey's escape was not of an uncommon kind, but his life-preserver was certainly effectual. When he reached his room, uncertain if shot or not, search was made for any trace of the ball, the shock of which had felt as it struck his person. Through a heavy coat he had penetrated, then through his Prince Albert, and finally through his coat, which was still clinging to him. The body of the murdered people were found in the farm-house, with their throats cut from ear to ear and their heads crushed. A bloody hatchet and butcher-knife were found in a chair. Suspicion rested strongly on the boy, who was the son of one of the murdered people. The bodies of the murdered people were found in the farm-house, with their throats cut from ear to ear and their heads crushed. A bloody hatchet and butcher-knife were found in a chair. Suspicion rested strongly on the boy, who was the son of one of the murdered people. The bodies of the murdered people were found in the farm-house, with their throats cut from ear to ear and their heads crushed. 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The Avalanche.

O. PALMER, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.
THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1887.

Entered at the Post Office at Grayling
Mich., as second-class matter.

POLITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Republican Judicial Ticket.

For Justices of the Supreme Court,
JAMES V. CAMPBELL, of Detroit
CHARLES D. LONG, of Flint.

For Regents of the State University,
R. W. BUTTERFIELD,
of GRAND RAPIDS.
CHARLES HUBBARD, of Baraga.

For Circuit Judge 23d Judicial District,
JONATHAN B. TUTTLE, of Tawas.

Let every republican go to the polls
next Monday and work and vote for
the entire republican ticket.

The amendment relative to Circuit
Judges and salaries, which was to
have been presented for adoption the
1st of April coming, has been withdrawn.

The appointment of deputy game
and fish wardens will be likely to inter-
rupt the serving of deer out of season
under the name of wild mutton in
the northern hotels. — Bay City Press.

Let every vote in Crawford County
be cast for Justice Campbell for the
Supreme Court for the reason that
he is the ablest man in Michigan for
the position.

Let every republican do his duty
next Monday, and the township of
Grayling will no longer be considered a
doubtful town. We have the votes,
and the material for the several offices.
See to it that they are properly ap-
plied.

Downs, the nurse charged with cruelty
to inmates in the Soldiers' Home
hospital some time ago, went before
Attorney General Taggart last Saturday
and said he is ready for investigation
whenever the officers are.

Commander Fairchild, of the G. A.
R., suggests that on April 27, the 65th
anniversary of Gen. Grant's birth, all
Posts hold a "feast of patriotism," to
which all their fellow citizens shall be
invited, and on which occasion contribu-
tions will be asked for a Grant me-
morial.

Republicans must not forget between
now and the 1st of April next to put
in telling blows for the judicial candid-
ate to make the situation very com-
plicated. The republican nominations
for exalt the others in ability and fit-
ness for the high position. But even
the best men do not avoid the necessity
of work. Pitch in, republicans! Work
between now and election day as you
should work, and victory will
perch on our bannisters. — B. C. Tribune.

The Art Amateur
For April gives an attractive figure
study in two colors by J. Carroll Beck
with a fine study of tulips by Victor
Dangereux, a double page "Flight of
Swallows" for panel decoration; de-
signs for cup and saucers; a chocolate
judge (chieve) and a double tile (but-
terflies and honeysuckles); a dogwood
designs for an embroidered chair-back,
and a variety of outline sketches,
monograms, and minor designs for art
work. The number is especially rich
in suggestions for fruit painting, both
in oils and in mineral colors. There
are also valuable practical articles on
sketching from nature, painting from
the east, church applique work and
the "Figure in the Foreground" in
amateur photographs, and the useful
talks with decorators are continued.
Articles of special interest are those
relating to the A. T. Stewart collection,
the Wm. M. Chase exhibition and
"Pictures in Paris," and "My Note
Book" overflows with gossip and in-
formation about pictures, porcelain
and bric-a-brac. Price 35 cents.
Montague Marks, Publisher, 23 Union
Square, New York.

President Cleveland may have had
the best of intentions, but it must be
admitted that in endeavoring to give
statesmanship, or, at least, forcible
reasons for not consenting to some
measures, he has involved himself in
contradictions for approving others of
a like nature. He "slipped out" a
federal official in Missouri and another
in Pennsylvania for "offensive
partisanship" in making political
speeches, but he restored the Missouri
democrat and left the Pennsylvania
republican out in the cold. He vetoed
the dependent pension bill for reasons
given at a great length, but he signed
the Mexican bill to which his reasoning
was equally pertinent. He vetoed
bill after bill for public buildings in
northern cities, because of the small
size or business of the places, but he
approved of bill after bill for public
buildings in southern cities of fewer
inhabitants and a smaller commercial
importance. In all these cases he
had boldly approved and disapproved
without argument, except that one set
of measures helped his party and the
other didn't, he would have gained
more credit with his party and provoked
no more criticism from others.

Detroit Tribune.

Judge Tuttle and Tax Decisions.
It becomes our duty to elect a Circuit
Judge at the annual spring election
to be held in April next. In this
Circuit, Judge Tuttle has been nominated
by the republicans. There has been
considerable litigation in this
circuit over tax matters during the last
three years, and some feeling has de-
veloped on the part of those who pay
their taxes regularly, against those who
have been contesting them. I have
acted as counsel in a number of tax
cases and have watched the decisions
of the Supreme Court with close atten-
tion in order to get their decisions
as soon as made. And inasmuch as I
have acted as counsel in tax cases
both at law and in equity—cases
brought both to enforce and to resist
taxes—and cases involving both real
and personal taxes. I am in a position
to know what the late history of our
tax litigation has been, and in the in-
terest of fairness I am going to give it to
you.

The tax law of 1882 took effect Mar.
14, 1882. The first time this law was
brought before the Supreme Court for
its construction, was in the case of the
State vs. Iron Cliffs Co., decided Sep-
tember 23, 1884, and reported in 54
Mich. 350. The constitutionality of
this law was raised in this case and two
of the Supreme Court Judges held it
constitutional and two held it uncon-
stitutional. Judge Cooley was one of
those who upheld it. In the Spring of
1885 Hon. A. B. Morse was nominated
against Judge Cooley and it was facili-
tated by the fact that Mr. Morse would
oppose this law and that Judge Cooley
would still sustain it. This was so
strongly assured that in many places
the contest between them became a
question of upholding or defeating
this law. And when Judge Morse was
elected and seated it was assumed by a
great many that the newly formed
court would stand 3 to 1 against the
law. It was so generally assumed, in
fact, that the very next legislature re-
pealed the law and passed a new one.
Judge Tuttle always sustained this law
up to the time when Judge Morse took
his seat. The records of our Circuit
Court for the years 1883-4 and 5 show
this. But since the Supreme Court
was so changed, most of the Circuit
Judges have been holding the law valid.
Since Judge Morse went upon
the bench the Supreme Court have not
passed upon the constitutionality of
this law as a whole; but there have
been several cases in this circuit bearing
upon this law, which have been ap-
pealed to the Supreme Court, and in
every one of them so far as decisions
of Judge Tuttle have been affirmed, I
will mention a case or two:

The case of Auditor General vs. Iosco
Circuit Judge, reported in 25 H. N.
Rep. \$10, originated in Iosco county,
by the filing of a bill in chancery to
set aside a tax upon the main ground
of Grayling granted an injunction.

Application was made to the Supreme
Court for a mandamus to set aside the
injunction. The Supreme Court re-
fused to set aside the injunction, saying
that if complainant's bill was true,

it was sufficient grounds for granting
an injunction.

The case of Pack & Woods vs. Pat-
mer was one which arose in our own
county. Mr. Palmer as treasurer of
Grayling had seized a lot of logs to
enforce a real estate tax. Pack & Woods
used a bill in chancery and Judge Tut-
tle granted an injunction restraining
the sale of the logs. As counsel of
Mr. Palmer and Grayling township, I
applied to the Supreme Court for a
mandamus to set aside this injunction.

After hearing the argument the Su-
preme Court refused to allow a man-
damus to set aside the injunction, say-
ing that there were questions involv-
ing which they preferred to consider
upon an appeal of the main case.

Supervisors Jackson and Hastings
voted aye, and Supervisors Newman,
High, Richardson, Aebli, Wakeley,
Wilson and Hankinson voted nay.

Moved by Supervisor Richardson
that the petitions and other papers re-
lating to detaching Town 26, N. R.
West, from the Town of Grayling and
attaching the same to Beaver Creek,
be filed in the County Clerk's office.

Motion prevailed.

All bills as a standing rule were re-
ferred to the committee on claims and
accounts.

Moved by Supervisor Jackson that
we adjourn until to-morrow morning
at 9 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

BOARDING SESSION—MARCH 27.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Supervisors Jackson and Hastings
read and approved.

Moved by Supervisor Jackson that
the Board adjourn to the Probate office
to give the use of the court room to the
Board of School Examiners.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Supervisor Richardson
that we take the petition to detach
Town 26, North Range 4 West from
the Township of Grayling and attach
the same to the Township of Beaver
Creek, be made a special order of busi-
ness to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

All bills as a standing rule were re-
ferred to the committee on claims and
accounts.

Moved by Supervisor Jackson that
we adjourn until to-morrow morning
at 9 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

BOARDING SESSION—MARCH 27.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Supervisors Jackson and Hastings
read and approved.

Moved by Supervisor Jackson that
the Board adjourn without date.

Motion prevailed.

Minutes of to-day's session read and
approved.

Moved by Supervisor Richardson
that we now adjourn without date.

Motion prevailed.

T. E. HASTINGS,
O. J. BIRK,
Clerk.

TERMS, CASH!!

Sept. 24, y1

GEORGE HOMER,
PROPRIETOR OF
CITY MARKET,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, FISH AND
CANNED GOODS,

BUTTER, EGGS, LARD, AND VEGETABLES OF
ALL KINDS. IN FACT EVERYTHING USUALLY
KEPT IN A FIRST CLASS MARKET. FULL
WEIGHT AND REASONABLE PRICES. MARKET
ON MICHIGAN AVENUE, GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

TERMS, CASH!!

Sept. 24, y1

N. P. OLSON'S
BILLIARD AND POOL
PARLORS,
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

THE CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS AND
THE BEST 5 AND 10 CENT CIGARS CON-
STANTLY ON HAND.

BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for
CUTS, BRUISES, SORES, ULCERS, SALT
RHEUM, FEVER SORES, TETTER, CLAPPED
HANDS, CHILBLAINS, CORNS, AND ALL SKIN
ERUPTIONS, AND POSITIVELY CURES PILLS,
OR NO PAY REQUIRED. IT IS GUARANTEED
TO GIVE PERFECT SATISFACTION, OR MONEY
REFUNDED. PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
FOR SALE BY N. H. TRAVER.

To the Honorable Chairman and
members of the Board of Supervisors
of Crawford county, now in session:

Your Committee on Claims and Ac-
counts would most respectfully report

as appears by the following vote:

Supervisors Jackson and Hastings
voted aye, and Supervisors Newman,
High, Richardson, Aebli, Wakeley,
Wilson and Hankinson voted nay.

Moved by Supervisor Richardson
that the petitions and other papers re-
lating to detaching Town 26, N. R.
West, from the Town of Grayling and
attaching the same to Beaver Creek,
be filed in the County Clerk's office.

Motion prevailed.

After hearing the argument the Su-
preme Court refused to allow a man-
damus to set aside the injunction, say-
ing that there were questions involv-
ing which they preferred to consider
upon an appeal of the main case.

The "questions involved" were un-
doubtedly the constitutionality of the
law.

The case was afterwards appealed
to the Supreme Court but was dis-
missed by defendants without a hearing
and as mere matter of saving ex-
pense, for the reason that a decision in
the defendants' favor even would not
have put them in a position to collect
the tax, for the reason that it had passed
into the County Treasurer's hands
and the Town Treasurer could not
then make a sale. This case was
not reported.

The two cases of Batchelder vs. Beav-
er Creek were cases involving taxes
and were tried in the Crawford Co.
Circuit and by Judge Tuttle. Both
these cases were appealed to the Su-
preme Court by the township, only
one of them has been decided, but in
that one the decision of Judge Tuttle
has been affirmed. This case is reported
in 34 N. W., Rep. 423.

So we see that every tax decision of
Judge Tuttle's which has been appealed
has been affirmed, and since they
have been affirmed and not reversed,
should be commended instead of being
condemned. A Judge's decisions
are supposed to be according to
law and not according to public sentiment.
And however much resident
tax payers who pay their taxes would
like to see non-residents do the same,
yet if the law is not self-sustaining and
they see fit to apply to the courts, we
should not blame a judge for not up-
holding an invalid law, but blame the
law itself and the legislature that passed
it. A judge is not to be blamed
when he decides rightly and in accordance
with good law, but only when he decides wrongfully. While
we know that every dollar of tax that
the non-resident tax payer avoids
will come back upon the local tax pay-

er in coming years, yet if they avoid it
by reason of an invalid law, we must
blame the law makers and not the courts.
One of the plain duties of a judge
is to decline to enforce an invalid
law.

A tax is supposed to be what we
pay our public officials for their ser-
vices and what we pay for the protec-
tion of our persons and property by
the law. Some say there is moral
obligation to pay these taxes as our
just share of the public burden, and yet
our courts must deal with the law
of taxation, not the sentiment of it.
A tax is not a debt. The decisions of
our Supreme Courts are law—and as
they sustain Judge Tuttle, it follows
that his decisions have been law. Then
what ground of complaint have we?
If the law is invalid, it is not the fault
of our courts but the fault of the legis-
lature, and the misfortune of our
state.

The keepers of infamous resorts and
the traffickers in female virtue, recog-
nize no friend in Judge Tuttle. He
who invades the sanctity of a home or
who commits an inhuman assault, need
not expect any favors at his hands.

Judge Tuttle's record as a soldier,
his ability as a lawyer and his experi-
ence of 10 years as a judge, all combine
to make him such a candidate as the
people should vote for regardless
of party.

March 28th, 1886.

MAIN J. CONNINE.

PROCEEDINGS OF
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
OF CRAWFORD CO., MICH.

SPECIAL SESSION, MARCH 24, '87.

Board met pursuant to call. Entire
Board present. T. E. Hastings in the
chair.

Petition for the detaching of Town-
ship 26, North Range 4 West from
Grayling township and attaching the
same to Beaver Creek township was
presented and read.

Moved by Supervisor Jackson, that
the petition be referred to the Probate
office to give the use of the court room to the
Board of School Examiners.

Motion prevailed.

Petition from Center Plains relating
to the above was read.

After being discussed, was upon motion
of Supervisor Richardson that the
petition for the detaching of Township
26, North Range 4 West, from the
Township of Grayling and attaching the
same to the Township of Beaver Creek,
be made a special order of business
to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

ALL BILLS AS A STANDING RULE
WERE REFERRED TO THE COMMITTEE
ON CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS.

Motion prevailed.

Boarding Session—March 27.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Supervisors Jackson and Hastings
read and approved.

Moved by Supervisor Jackson that
the Board adjourn without date.

Motion prevailed.

Minutes of to-day's session read and
approved.

Moved by Supervisor Richardson
that we now adjourn without date.

Motion prevailed.

GEORGE HOMER,
PROPRIETOR OF
CITY MARKET,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
FRESH AND SALT ME

The Avalanche.

J. C. HANSON, Local Editor.

THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1857.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Salling, Hanson & Co's. Price List

(Corrected Weekly.)

Details No. A white, per bushel, 42 cents.

Hay, No. 10, per ton, \$14.00.

Bear feed, No. 5, per ton, 29.00.

Bear, per ton, 19.00.

Milk flour, rather pale, per barrel, 5.15.

Milk flour, rather milky, per barrel, 4.90.

Yeast, per barrel, 3.00.

Excelsior, flour per barrel, 3.75.

Buckwheat Flour, per hundred pounds, 3.00.

Extra Mess flour, per barrel, 9.00.

Mosa pork, per barrel, 17.50 per cent.

Refined lard, per pound, 9 cents.

Ham, sugar cured, 5 per pound, cents.

Breakfast bacon, per pound, 12 cents.

Cheer pork, sides, per pound, 9.40 cents.

B. C. pork, per pound, 9 cents.

Plate beef, per pound, 5 cents.

Choice dairy butter, per pound, 25.

Fresh eggs, per dozen, 16 cents.

O. G. Java, ground, per pound, 35 cents.

Mocha, ground, per pound, 38 cents.

B. C. & Co.'s Mexican coffee per lb., 25 cents.

B. C. & Co.'s Aracaba coffee per lb., 22 cents.

Flints Golden Rio, 26 cents per pound.

Teas, green, per pound, 20 to 25 cents.

Buvar, Extra C, per pound, .50 cents.

Sugar, granulated, per pound, .60 cents.

Sugar, cut, loaf, per pound, .75 cents.

Sugar, powdered, per pound, 3 cents.

Cat water-white, per gallon, 10 cents.

Cat, green, half-gallon, 12 cents.

Syrup, Sugar, per gallon, 35.35.

N. O. molasses, per gallon, 60 cents.

Molasses, per gallon, 30 cents.

New stock of Carpets at Travers' Furniture Rooms.

R. S. Babbitt moved out to the Fish Hatchery last Tuesday.

1,000 new rolls spring stock of wall paper at Travers' Furniture Rooms.

Special bargains in ladies and gents' fine shoes at Charley McCullough's.

Lautz Bros. & Co's. Toilet Soap, 5 cents per cake at James'. Try it.

Alabastine and Kalsomine at Frederic's Drug Store.

For Hardware, Tinware, Stoves, etc., go to Salling, Hanson & Co's.

Don't forget that Finn's is the cheapest place in town to buy your Drugs.

Every lady will need a pair of rubbers this spring. McCullough has them.

Lautz Bros. & Co's. Acme Soap, 3 bars for 25 cents at James'. Go for it.

Lautz Bros. & Co's. Gloss Soap, 5 cents per bar at James'. Get it.

Mr. James Merrill, of Birmingham, was in Grayling over Sunday, as a guest of the Grayling House.

Judge Tuttle was in town a short time last Monday Evening. He reports his prospects for election good.

It is reported that Martin Christensen is sick, and that the disease resembles Diphtheria.

The ladies all say that those kid Button Shoes at McCullough's cannot be excelled.

A child of Knud Smith, on the South Side, died last Tuesday week, but was not buried until Sunday.

BORN—On the 18th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Richardson, of Center Plains township, a son.

To the best Smoking Tobacco, ever brought to Grayling, go to the store of Salling, Hanson & Co.

BORN—On the 17th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hartman, of Grove township, a daughter.

Lautz Bros. & Co's. Towel and Napkin Soup, 25 cents per bar, at James'. A towel or napkin goes with each bar. Buy some.

Call and see the mammoth stock of clothing J. M. Finn has just received. New designs, latest styles, and prices within the reach of all.

Another child of Martin Christensen died last Wednesday at 10 o'clock in the evening and was buried at 11 o'clock.

Comrades will rally to the support of the one-armed soldier, the able lawyer and superior man, chas. D. Long for Justice of the Supreme Court.

A fresh stock of Groceries constantly on hand and more arriving every day. Prices lower than the lowest, at the store of J. M. Finn.

All who desire to economize when buying Dry Goods, will go to the Mammoth Store of Salling, Hanson & Co.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Sherman, of Maple Forest, died last Friday, and was buried Saturday. It had been sick for some time.

Mrs. J. F. Huon received a letter from Verona, Mo., saying that Mr. and Mrs. Lampert had arrived there safely.

The Farmers are beginning to make maple sugar, the cow of the crow is heard in the land. Spring is evidently here.—*Oregonian Times*.

Clothing of every description, at the Mammoth Store of Salling, Hanson & Co., at eighty cents on the dollar.

J. M. Finn has just received a invoice of Choice Family Flour that he is selling for only three dollars and sixty cents per barrel.

W. H. James has purchased the Lampert property of W. A. Musters, and is putting it into shape to rent. He has had six applications for it already.

The merchant who wants your customers bad enough to advertise for and by it, is the one who will make it an object for you to trade with him."

Do not forget our premium offer. Come in and subscribe. Two papers for the price of one. Tell the good news to your neighbors.

Music still hath charms. This week it is an organ sold to W. W. Metcalf, by N. H. Traver, the music dealer.

You invest your money judiciously when you purchase your Groceries at the Mammoth Store of Salling, Hanson & Co.

C. O. McCullough has a good line of the best make of Boots and Shoes, if you want them ready made, or he will manufacture them to order, any style desired.

The large dry goods, grocery and lumbermen's supply store of Bennett & Hart at Roscommon has been closed, and the firm has failed. The failure of jobbers is said to be the cause.

For lame back, side or chest, tea shiloh's Poultice Plaster, Price 25 cents.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on guarantee. It cures Consumption. For sale by N. H. Traver.

Go to the Post Office for your furniture, because there you will find the largest stock, best assortment, and lower prices than the lowest.

John Blodgett, of the firm of Blodgett & Byrne, was in the village yesterday and informed us that they would soon start their logging road for the spring run. They expect their cut for the season will be 26,000,000.—*Roscommon News*.

Clare Hadley came home last Monday evening for a short visit. He is attending a musical School at Flint. He will finish his course some time this summer.

MARIED—On Saturday the 26th inst., Mr. W. G. Marsh, of Pere Marquette, and Miss Ola C. High, of Frederic. Rev. W. H. James officiating.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure, we guarantee.

WILL YOU SUFFER WITH DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINT? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by N. H. Traver.

Come walking, come on horseback, come in wagons, come in sleds, come running, come anyway, only so you get to our office and arrange for retrieving the AMERICAN FARMER, free, in connection with the AVALANCHE, the best paper published in the county.

Godey's Lady's Book.

Salling, Hanson & Co. are selling Baking Powder of different manufacturers, at low prices, and give prizes of dishes, glassware, etc., worth twice the money that it will cost you.

J. M. Francis returned from Ward's camp yesterday morning where he had been working this winter. He started home Sunday, got lost and stayed in the forest until morning, and had to build a fire to keep off the mosquitoes.

Two ways of Telling a Story, by Prof. Clarence M. Boutelle, is good, as his stories always are. John A. Peters, Emily Lemox, Emil Ledekens, George Birdseye, and many others add sketches and poems. Jenny Jane gives interesting glimpses of New York society news. Handsome designs for work and fashion notes, etc., complete a number that is even more attractive than its predecessor for 1857. Truly shows no failing off, but a steady improvement. Published by W. E. Stricker, 1224 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. Price \$2.00 per year; specimen copy 15 cents.

St. Nicholas for April.

The Story of the Merrimac and the Monitor, "The first of Gen. Andrew Badeau's War Stories for Boys and Girls," with its graphic descriptions and spirited illustrations, is one of the prominent features of the April St. Nicholas. Another, but of a more peaceful type, is a charming article on "Harrow-on-the-Hill," number three of the "Four Great English Schools," which Mr. and Mrs. Pennell's graceful pencil and pen are making so attractive to American boys and girls.

SEASIDE NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you.

CATARACT CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by N. H. Traver.

The petition to detach town 20 N. 4 W. from Grayling and attach the same to Beaver Creek was very properly denied by the Board of Supervisors at their special session last week. It would have been manifest injustice and we hope to hear no more of it though the agitation may have the effect of hastening the improvement of the roads over which the controversy arose.

At the encus this evening there are to be nominated, a supervisor in place of A. E. Newman; treasurer in place of Jno. F. Huon; clerk in place of G. W. Homer; justice of the peace in place of O. Palmer; highway commissioner in place of R. S. Babbitt; school inspector in place of S. Chagett; and four constables. Let the best men be selected for the several offices and see that they are elected on Monday.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Consumption, loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 25 cents per bottle.

GROUP, WHOOTING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by N. H. Traver.

Last Sunday, March 26, at the residence of Joseph Charlton, Rev. Francis H. Shulak celebrated mass, and administered the Sacrament required by the Catholic people of this town. He has made the plan for a catholic church to be built this summer. The Rev. Father will be here in a few weeks to bless the ground and start the work. His has empowered Joseph Charlton to receive subscriptions for that purpose.

Last evening, while attending the misfortune at the rink, Mrs. Jas. R. Ward fell, breaking both bones in her right fore-arm, just above the wrist. She was taken to the residence of Dr. Washington who reduced the fracture and she is now doing as well as can be expected. —*Revolving News*.

The Farmers are beginning to make maple sugar, the cow of the crow is heard in the land. Spring is evidently here.—*Oregonian Times*.

Clothing of every description, at the Mammoth Store of Salling, Hanson & Co., at eighty cents on the dollar.

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W. H. James has purchased the Lampert property of W. A. Musters, and is putting it into shape to rent. He has had six applications for it already.

J. M. Finn has just placed in stock the finest and most complete line of men's pants ever brought to this place. If you are in need of pants call and see them before purchasing.

A prohibition lecturer held forth at the M. E. Church last Monday evening. He is a very able man and handles his subject in good style when allowed to fill up with a sufficient quantity of bug-juice. As a horrid example he is a first class subject, but as an exponent of reform in our estimation a complete failure.

The American Farmer free to all our Subscribers.

All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription accounts to THE AVALANCHE, in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to THE AMERICAN FARMER, a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hackett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. It is devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmer, Stock Breeder, Dairymen, Gardener and their household, and every species of industry connected with that great portion of the people of the world, the farmer. The subscription price is \$1.00 per year. Farmers will not get along without it. It puts new ideas into their minds. It teaches them how to farm with profit to themselves. It makes the home happy, the young folks cheerful, the growler contented, the downcast happy and the demagogue honest.

W. H. James has just received a supply of the best make of Boots and Shoes, if you want them ready made, or he will manufacture them to order, any style desired.

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NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

EASTERN.

The New York Graphic says that the National Opera Company is on the verge of dissolution, and wonders who is going to settle the debts of the Americans or National Opera Company, whose stupendous extravagance, recklessness, and inefficiency exceed anything ever known in the history of theatrical management.

During a game of base-ball last June at the Polo Grounds at New York James S. Dolan was struck in the right eye by a foul ball, and the sight destroyed. Dolan has sued the Metropolitan Exposition Company for \$25,000 damages.

A year ago, at New Bedford, Mass., the tendons in two of Edward K. Russell's legs were severed by accident. The tendons from a dog were placed in Russell's limb and united with the severed tendons. For ten months the patient was not permitted to use the injured member, but has now resumed work, the operation having proved a complete success.

John Knepper, a soldier under Napoleon, died last week in Luzerne County, Pennsylvania. He was over 103 years old.

The New York Court of Appeals has unanimously affirmed the constitutionality of the State oleomargarine act in a decision confirming the sentence of a Brooklyn grocer convicted under the act. In its decision the court says:

"It [oleomargarine] possesses the merits which are claimed for it, and is innocuous, those which are claimed for it in these respects; but they may legally be required, to sell it, for and as what is actually is, and upon its own merits, and not for the sake of the exemption of that theory in those respects."

The Crosby high license bill, applying only to New York City and Brooklyn, passed the New York Assembly—the bill provides for four grades of licenses, ranging in price from \$100 to \$1,000.

The Democrats of Chicago have nominated Carter H. Harrison for Mayor, John H. McAvoy for Treasurer, C. F. M. Allen for Attorney, and Henry Stueckert for Clerk.

The New Jersey House unanimously passed the bill giving women the right to vote for school trustees in school districts.

A bill has passed the Wisconsin Legislature awarding life imprisonment to persons who shall have earned knowledge of girls under 14 years of age.

Senator John Sherman of Ohio delivered a political speech at Nashville, Tenn., before a very large audience, speaking on the invitation of the Republican members of the Tennessee Legislature.

A bill to punish murderer by hanging failed of passage in the Michigan House by one vote.

WESTERN.

Dispatched from the West report that great suffering and considerable loss of life have been entailed by the flood in the Upper Missouri River. A Bismarck special says:

Reports from remote districts intensify the stories of suffering and loss of life. A man was seen riding down the river on a piece of ice, frantic with fear for his life. Two men, walking to assist him, were drowned near Laramie, after being on the roofs of their houses for twenty-four hours, walking on the ice that had formed during their imprisonment. Fort Lincoln officers here believe that the people of the lowlands opposite the post, perished in the flood. The family of Garrett Barry, barely escaped with their lives and lost cattle and household effects. The remains of Tompkins in the ice, a total wreck.

A frame boarding-house at the Colby mine, near Bessemer, Mich., was destroyed by fire, and twelve men perished in the flames. Of nine others, who escaped by jumping from windows, a half dozen were seriously injured. A dispatch from Bessemer, Mich., gives the following particulars of the shocking affair:

The building was a two-story frame structure, containing a parlor, dining room, kitchen, and two bedrooms, occupied by Frank Miller and his wife, in management, and two hired girls. The second floor contained a room for the laundry, and a room for twenty-one men. At about 4 o'clock a.m. Miller was aroused by his wife, and the two, together with the two girls in the next room, fled through a window. Some men leaped from the windows of the second story, three of them receiving serious injuries, the consequence of which was the breaking of a leg or a foot. Many others, however, did not jump, and the failure to escape can only be attributed to suffocation, and most of the victims probably perished that way. The coroner's jury exonerated the managers from all responsibility, and the key to the origin of the fire could not be obtained. James Lynch, one of the occupants of the place, and a man of some means, was the only survivor in the same room with him. He was severely scalded, and a courageous chamberlain over him toward the window. The room was full of smoke and flame at the time he jumped, and he was compelled to open a window, and making his escape, he jumped to the ground, and received but slight injuries.

A coroner's jury exonerated every one connected with the Bessemer (Mich.) boarding-house, by the burning of which twelve human lives were sacrificed. Frank Miller, the manager, was the only one of the persons who escaped from the building that was examined. He explained the arrangements of rooms, stoves, lamps, etc. A fire was kept in the front sitting-room until after midnight, when he retired. Two boards had just come in and were preparing to retire. Both of them were drunk. One of them was a newcomer, who perished. Mr. Miller had no notion how the fire originated, but thought that it started in the front part of the building, as his room in the back of the building was the last to be entered by the flames. He thought that those who perished must have been suffocated in their beds. They could have escaped through the windows.

SOUTHERN.

An explosion in the United Oil Company's works at Baltimore caused the death of four persons.

Eastern capitalists have organized a company to work the recently discovered gold-fields in Arkansas.

A dispatch from Richmond, Va., says that a train went through a bridge nine miles from Liberty, on the Norfolk and Western Road. The bridge was in process of repair. Eight or nine workmen were killed and several others wounded.

FOREIGN.

Prince Bismarck has assured the Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria-Hungary that Germany's foreign policy is pacific, that peace is assured for 1887, and that there is no cause for disquietude in either the East or West.

The triple alliance between Germany, Austria, and Italy is said to place each of these powers on equal footing. "All will undertake the protection of individual interests, the infringement of which might disturb the peace of Europe."

Mr. Gladstone, in a letter to the editor of the *Baptist*, declines in emphatic terms that all other questions must wait upon the settlement of the Irish question. It was a question involving social order, and it was in the nature of questions involving rank as well as to push their claims to precedence over other questions.

The Czar has sent Colonel Sissonitch to command a regiment on the Siberian frontier, on account of the spread of revolutionary ideas among his former comrades. It is believed that the regiments in the recent plot to assassinate the Czar was Dzalof, the murderer of Lieutenant Col. Sudnikov.

Walker was decorated with flags and flowers on the 22d of March, in honor of the Emperor's ninetieth birthday, and at noon a

royal salute of 101 guns was fired. The students' procession past the imperial palace required several hundred carriages. Banquets were given in each continental capital by the Grand Ambassador.

Col. Lamont says that the fears recently expressed by Dr. Sowers as to the President's health are not shared by Mr. Cleveland's family and intimate friends.

The contract to erect the new aqueduct bridge across the Potowmack at Washington has been awarded to the Mount Vernon (Ohio) Bridge Company at \$80,000.

Oscar S. Strauss, a prominent importer at Sydney, New South Wales, eighty-five men were entombed.

J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, is likely to be appointed a member of the Pacific Railway Commission on.

The Treasury Department reports 63 distilleries in operation throughout the country, Kentucky leading with 150.

POLITICAL.

The Governor of Missouri will soon call an extra session of the Legislature to pass laws to enforce the constitutional provisions in reference to railroad roads.

The special committee of the Nebraska Assembly appointed to investigate the charges preferred by Edward Rosewater, editor of the *Omaha Bee*, against seven members of that body has reported that the charges were unfounded. The report was sustained, and resolutions were adopted censuring Rosewater and excluding him from the privileges of the floor during the remainder of the session.

The Crosby high license bill, applying only to New York City and Brooklyn, passed the New York Assembly—the bill provides for four grades of licenses, ranging in price from \$100 to \$1,000.

The court-house and jail at Yorkville, Kendall County, Illinois, was destroyed by fire. The New Jersey House unanimously passed the bill giving women the right to vote for school trustees in school districts.

A bill has passed the Wisconsin Legislature awarding life imprisonment to persons who shall have earned knowledge of girls under 14 years of age.

Senator John Sherman of Ohio delivered a political speech at Nashville, Tenn., before a very large audience, speaking on the invitation of the Republican members of the Tennessee Legislature.

A bill to punish murderer by hanging failed of passage in the Michigan House by one vote.

THE INDUSTRIAL OUTLOOK.

The negro miners who were taken to Peoria to fill the places of the strikers made a demand for an increase of wages, and upon it being refused they quit work. They had anticipated the strike by getting a month's provisions from the truck stores on credit.

The rubber-workers of New Brunswick and Milltown, N. J., threaten to abandon the Knights of Labor if they are not granted a charter for a national trade council.

The strike of the yard and road brakemen on the Mahoning division of the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad has been declared off. A majority of the strikers who were out twenty days, will be reinstated.

RAILROAD INTELLIGENCE.

On what is claimed to be the very best authority, the Baltimore *American* states that the railroad deal is an accomplished fact; that Garrett will retain the management; and that Gould will have no hand in the arrangement.

The New York *Herald* publishes a number of interviews regarding the effect of the interstate commerce act on the negro miners who were taken to Peoria to fill the places of the strikers.

James H. Harding was hanged at Dalton, Mont. Ter., for the murder of William Ferguson, a young stage-driver, committed while Ferguson was driving his stage from Melrose to Helena on May 29, 1886.

The Grand Jury at Chicago on Saturday returned indictments against the following persons for malfeasance in office and conspiracy to defraud the county: Daniel J. Wren, County Commissioner; Adam Ochs, ex-County Commissioner, Chairman of the board in 1884-'85; John E. Van Pelt, ex-County Commissioner; Harry Yarrow, Warden of the Insane Asylum; William J. McManigle, Warden of the County Hospital; Charles Key, Warden of the Infirmary; Eliha A. Robinson, grocer, furnisher of county supplies. The parties were arrested and gave bail.

Mr. John McGovern has been called

to Omaha to conduct the editorial column of the *Evening Bee* in that city. He has been identified for many years with the newspapers of Chicago, having held and filled with fine ability responsible positions on the daily press, but it was perhaps as editor of the *Current* and as the author of several popular books that he became best known to the literary world. The Chicago *Daily News* says: "We doubt not that Mr. McGovern will be cordially welcomed by his professional brethren in Omaha—he certainly carries with him to his new field of labor the best wishes of the many Chicagoans who recognize his personal worth no less than his intellectual attainments and abilities."

Trouble with the cotton-handlers in New Orleans is seriously interfering with the trade.

—Mayor Carter H. Harrison positively declined the Democratic nomination for Mayor of Chicago.

A colored man named Johnson was executed at Marion, Arkansas, in presence of fifteen hundred persons, for an outrage on a young white girl left in his charge.

The pork-packing establishment of Taylor & Co., at Trenton, N. J., was destroyed by fire. The loss will reach nearly \$25,000.

Fire broke out in the shaving house of W. S. Wood & Co.'s plating mill at Binghamton, N. Y., and the mill was soon a mass of flames. From this the flames spread to the immense lumber yard. The loss amounts to \$10,000. A large number of workmen are thrown out of employment.

A contract has been made at Mexico, Mo., for boring a well three thousand feet, in search of oil.

The Railroad Commissioners of New York have presented to the Legislature a report against the hoarding of cars by staves.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. Lawrence Barrett, the actor, has instructed his counsel, Colonel Ingersoll, to bring suit for \$50,000 damages for malicious prosecution against the President of the American Exchange, its Directors, and General Manager.

Col. Isaac Warmoth, a veteran of two wars, died at Salem, Ill. Among his eleven surviving children is Henry C. Warmoth, ex-Governor of Louisiana; Philip O'Brien died at Chicago at the extreme age of 103 years.

He was born in Waterford, Ireland, in 1781. He had been a resident of Illinois fifty-three years. Mrs. John Farnham died at Utica, N. Y., at the age of 108.

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royal salute of 101 guns was fired. The students' procession past the imperial palace required several hundred carriages. Banquets were given in each continental capital by the Grand Ambassador.

Six of the conspirators against the Czar's life have been hanged. It is reported that another attempt to kill the Czar was made by wrecking a railroad train on which he and the Czarina were journeying. A telegram from Leoben, capital of Carinthia, in Austria, says that on the 15th of March an attempt was made to upset the train which was conveying the Czar and the Czarina to St. Petersburg, on their return from a visit to the Grand Duke Vladimir.

By an explosion in the Bullitt colliery at Sydney, New South Wales, eighty-five men were entombed.

It is semi-officially denied that Russia has made overtures for an alliance with France.

An official in the French War Office has been dismissed on suspicion that he has been supplying secrets to foreigners.

The Chinese have an effectual way of dealing with tramps. Three hundred of the wanderers invaded a village. The inhabitants herded them into a temple, fired it, and to save money at the Grand Union Hotel to the west.

Caring for the Widows.

Blanchard Jerrold relates this anecdote: A very dear friend of mine, and of many others to whom literature is a staff, has died. To say his family had clausus on Charles Dickens is to say that they were promptly acknowledged and satisfied with the grace and heartiness which double the gift, sweeten the brandy and warm the wine. "I asked a connection of our dead friend whether he had seen the poor wife and children."

"Seen them?" he answered. "I was there to-day. They are removed into a charming cottage. They have everything about them, and just think of this, when I burst into one of the parlors, in my eager survey of the new home, I saw a man in his shirt sleeves up some steps hammering away lustily. He turned. It was Charles Dickens, and he was hanging the pictures for the widow."

R. H. Stoddard.

The Most Remarkable Business in the Country.

One day I heard of a noted actress in the leading papers, having given notice of a little luncheon food plant called "Moxie," found in South America last year. Its fine taste as a beverage, and ability to restore nervous, weak, and feeble persons after a day's hard overwork, is well known. I have never seen so much benefit derived from any medicine as from this. It is the best remedy for the common cold, and the best tonic for the system. It is the best medicine for the cure of rheumatism, and the best preventive for the cure of rheumatism.

Persons whose blood is thin, digestion weak, and liver sluggish, are extra liable to the attacks of material disease. The most trifling exposure may, under such conditions, infect a system which, if healthy, would resist the malady. The only way to secure immunity from malaria in localities where it is prevalent, is to tone and regulate the system by improving regular digestion, enriching the blood, and giving a wholesome impetus to biliary secretion. These results are accomplished by nothing so effectively as Hostetler's Stomach Bitters, which long experience has proved to be the most reliable safeguard against malaria. It is the best remedy for the cure of rheumatism, and the best preventive for the cure of rheumatism.

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According to a statement in the *Review Industrile*, a method has been devised for successfully treating bags, the residual canes in sugar making, by means of which, that is, through direct compression, the material produces a combustible containing not more than 40 to 50 per cent. of water, and in this state the waste canes can be burnt directly in the boiler furnaces or carbonized without previous drying. This result is obtained by a preliminary division of the pieces of cane in a special apparatus, whereby the after compressing of the substance by pressure of any convenient kind may be usefully secured. The compressed mass is formed into briquets by the addition of powdered fuel ash or lime; and it is remarked as a notable illustration or instance of the utilization of a waste product reacting upon the original value of the material.

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